

Modo de Trabajo: Siempre Habrá 2 maneras de enviar la tarea hecha (elegi solo una) Podes: Copiar las RESOLUCIONES de los ejercicios en un archivo de word o copiarlas en una hoja de carpeta (le sacan una foto a la hoja en las que escribieron). Al terminar, mandan su tarea a mi mail:

Constanzadelacruz23@gmail.com CON NOMBRE, APELLIDO, CURSO Y ESCUELA EN EL "ASUNTO" del mail. Por favor, colocar sus datos sin excepción.

## SPORTS!!!!

### PAGE 52

1) A- Observà el texto de la entrevista de abajo. Sobre què habla. B- Leè y chequeà.

2) Leè u escribi si es TRUE or FALSE.

3) OBSERVÀ EL CUADRO DEL PASADO SIMPLE. USAMOS ESTE TIEMPO PARA SITUACIONES QUE EMPEZARON Y YA FINALIZARON EN EL PASADO. Como estufe feliz, estaba sediento, no era una maestra, estaba en la escuela en 2019.

Completa la segunda parte de la entrevista con:

WAS (era, estaba)

WASN'T (no era, no estaba)

WERE (eramos, estábamos)

WEREN'T (no èramos , no estábamos)

### WAS - WERE TO BE - Past Tense

**AFFIRMATIVE**

I **was** happy.  
He **was** hungry.  
She **was** a nurse.  
It **was** big.

We **were** early.  
You **were** at school.  
They **were** quiet.

**QUESTIONS**

+ Affirmative They **were** happy. She **was** rich.

? Question **Were** they happy? **Was** she rich?

Short Answer Yes, they were / No, they weren't Yes, she was / No, she wasn't

**NEGATIVE**

I **wasn't** sad.  
He **wasn't** thirsty.  
She **wasn't** a teacher.  
It **wasn't** small.

We **weren't** late.  
You **weren't** at home.  
They **weren't** noisy.

**WOODWARD ENGLISH**

wasn't = was not  
weren't = were not

WH- Word	Verb	Subject	Complement
Where	was	I / he / she / it	sick ... ?
Why	were	we / you / they	tired ... ?
When			ready ... ?

- Why **was** he angry?      - When **was** she nervous?  
- Where **were** you yesterday?      - Who **were** those people?

4) No hacerlo

5) Circulà el verbo correcto que està separado por una barra y completà con la palabra correspondiente.

1 a Look at the text. What is it about?

Unusual sports for women  
Women's football

b Now read and check.

## Leetown High School School Magazine Issue 5

### What do you know about women's football?

An interview with our PE teacher,  
Ms Schmidt by Heather Tremblay

Q: When was the first Women's  
Football World Cup?

A: It was in 1991.

Q: Was it in Europe?

A: No, it wasn't. It was in China.

Q: How many teams were there?

A: There were twelve teams.

Q: Which teams were in the final?

A: It was Norway vs. the USA.

Q: Was there a big crowd?

A: Yes, there was. There were 63,000  
people in the stadium.

Q: What was the final score?

A: It was 2-1 to the USA.

Q: Were you there?

A: No, I wasn't! I was born in 1985.

2 Read and write T (true), F (false) or DS  
(doesn't say).

1 This text is an interview.

2 Heather likes football.

3 Ms Smith knows about the First  
Women's Football World Cup.

4 Ms Smith can play football.

Did Argentina play in 1991?  
Visit the article about **Argentina  
women's national football team**  
in an online encyclopedia and  
check.

52

#### Simple Past

+ I was in China. We were happy.

- She wasn't in Brazil. They weren't sad.

? Where was the match?

Were you there? Yes, I was. / No, I wasn't.

there is / isn't → there was / wasn't

there are / aren't → there were / weren't

Circle the correct answer.

What is the past of "is"? was / were

What is the past of "am"? was / were

What is the past of "are"? was / were

3 Complete the second part of the interview with was or  
were, affirmative or negative.

Q: Who's the best female footballer in the world?

A: The American Carli Lloyd. She <sup>1</sup>was the  
best player in the 2015 World Cup.

Q: <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ the 2015 World Cup in the USA?

A: No, it <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_. It <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ here in  
Canada.

Q: Which teams <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ in the final?

A: The USA vs. Japan. The Japanese <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_  
bad, and the Americans <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ good.

4 Complete the dialogue between Lisa and her gran with  
the correct form of there was or there were.

Lisa: <sup>1</sup>Was there a girls' football team at your  
school, Gran?

Gran: No, <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_. But <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ a hockey team.

Lisa: <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ any boys in the hockey team?

Gran: No, <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_. And <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ any girls in the football  
team. But every year <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ a hockey match - girls  
vs. boys. It was great fun!

Argentine sportspeople. Circle the right verb  
and complete the gaps. Use the words in the  
box. There is an extra word.

boxers cyclist F1 driver tennis player

1 Fangio was / were a fantastic \_\_\_\_\_. His first prize  
was / is in 1951. He was / were 40 years old.

2 Vilas was / were the first world famous Argentine \_\_\_\_\_

3 Locche and Bonavena was / were great \_\_\_\_\_

5.2

## Do women play football?

1 Circle the correct option.

1 I was were born in 2000.

2 You was / were in Canada in 2015.

3 Natalia was / were in a football team last year.

4 The film was / were very boring.

5 We was / were tired.

6 The basketball players was / were tall and fast.

2 Complete the sentences with was or were.

1 Jack was the best player in the team last  
month.

2 My friends, Susie and Mike, \_\_\_\_\_ in Salta last  
weekend.

3 ID's music \_\_\_\_\_ popular last year.

4 I know you! You \_\_\_\_\_ at Luke's party on Friday.

5 Katy and I were in the park today and Matu  
\_\_\_\_\_ there with her boyfriend.

6 Bruno's café \_\_\_\_\_ a cheap café in town last  
year but it isn't now.

3 Complete the sentences using was / were,  
affirmative or negative. Make the sentences true.

1 San Martín was born in 1778.

2 Sarmiento \_\_\_\_\_ born in Mendoza.

3 Maradona, Ruggieri and Passarella \_\_\_\_\_ in  
the Argentina football team in 1986.

4 Alfredo Alcón \_\_\_\_\_ a famous sportsman.

5 Mariquita Sanchez de Thompson \_\_\_\_\_ the  
creator of our National Anthem. (*Oíd Mortales...*)

6 Esteban Echeverría and José Hernández \_\_\_\_\_  
Argentine writers.

7 Sui Generis \_\_\_\_\_ a great 70's band.

8 Leon Gieco and Pedro Aznar \_\_\_\_\_ members  
of Vox Dei, an Argentine band.

4 Order the words to make questions.

1 match / the / Friday / football / was /  
exciting / on / ?

Was the football match on Friday exciting?

2 you / where / yesterday / were / ?

3 your / Year 9 / teacher / was / in / who / ?

4 you / team / were / in / last / year / the / ?

5 dad / was / good / student / a / your / ?

5 Complete the email with the correct form of  
was or were.



To: david@fastmessage.com

Hi David,

Our holiday <sup>1</sup> was fantastic. We <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
in a small town in Rio Negro and the sea  
<sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ very near. Our hotel <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
very big - only ten rooms - and there <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
lots of people at meal times and the beach  
<sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ nice and quiet. I <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ in  
the water a lot of the time. But some of the staff  
<sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ very friendly and they <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
very busy to answer our questions.

How about you? How <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ your exams?  
<sup>11</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ you happy with the results? And  
<sup>12</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ there lots of people at your birthday  
party? I'm sorry I <sup>13</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ there!

See you soon,

Lara

101

## PAGE 101

1- Circulà la opció correcta.

2- Completàs las oraciones con WAS o WERE. Recordà que WAS se usa para singular(he, she, it, i)

WERE se usa para plural (they, you, we)

3- Completà las oraciones con:

WAS

WASN'T

WERE

WEREN'T

4- Ordenar las palabras para formar preguntas. Recordà que siempre empiezan con WAS o WERE.

Pero si hay una palabra con WH-, èsta va primero y luego was o were.

5- Completà con :

WAS

WASN'T

WERE

WEREN'T